

**Oakland County Sheriff's Office**  
**General Order # 4.6**



<b>SUBJECT:</b> Safe Delivery of Newborns		<b>NUMBER:</b> 4.6
<b>EFFECTIVE DATE:</b> 08/18/2023 <b>REVIEW DATE:</b> Annually	<b>MACP Standard Impact:</b> 4.5.7	
<b>REPLACES AND RESCINDS:</b> N/A	<b>DISTRIBUTION:</b> All Personnel	<b>NUMBER OF PAGES:</b> 2

This order replaces and rescinds all previously issued orders, procedures, rules and regulations, notices and/or practices in conflict with this General Order.

**I. PURPOSE**

In response to an increased number of abandoned newborns within the state, Michigan lawmakers enacted the Safe Delivery of Newborns Law. The purpose of this General Order is to implement the provisions of Michigan Public Act 488 of 1939 (amended in 2006, attached).

**II. POLICY**

All members of the Oakland County Sheriff's Office shall comply with the provisions of the Safe Delivery of Newborns Law (MCL 712 et. seq.) and are responsible for knowing its requirements. Additionally, all personnel are required to successfully complete the online training provided by the Michigan Department of Health Services, as required by the Training Unit. (**MACP Standard 4.5.7**)

**III. PROCEDURES**

- A. A Sheriff's Office employee at a designated Sheriff's Office facility, or a deputy in the field, shall not refuse to accept physical custody of a child who may be a newborn when a person is attempting surrender physical custody of the child.
- B. The surrender of a newborn should occur at a designated Sheriff's Office facility; however, this is not a requirement. If the Sheriff's Office member is approached for the surrender of a newborn at the Sheriff's Office facility is not an on-duty deputy, that member shall immediately notify an on-duty deputy to be present for the transfer.
- C. The Sheriff's office member to whom a newborn is surrendered shall contact emergency medical services (EMS) to transport the newborn to a hospital, no matter where the surrender takes place.
- D. Temporary protective custody cannot be transferred to EMS. A deputy with the Oakland County Sheriff's Office must go to the hospital with any newborn surrendered to a member of the Oakland County Sheriff's Office under this statute. At the hospital, temporary custody along with any forms completed by the parent(s), will be transferred and the hospital shall assume protective custody.

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- E. Any time the surrender of a newborn has happened, or is in progress, the deputy or deputies involved should promptly notify the on-duty Command Sergeant.
- F. Upon surrender of the child the deputy should make all reasonable efforts to:
  - 1. Provide the surrendering person(s) with the Safe Delivery Pamphlet (attached).
  - 2. Reassure the parent(s) that shared information will be kept confidential.
  - 3. Encourage the parent(s) to identify him/herself.
  - 4. Encourage the parent(s) to share any relevant family/medical background on the Confidential Voluntary Medical Background form for a Surrendered Newborn (attached).
  - 5. Inform the parent(s) of the newborn he or she can receive counseling or medical attention.
  - 6. Inform the parent that in order to place the child for adoption, the state is required to make a reasonable attempt to identify both parents. Ask for the non-surrendering parent's name. Do not press if the name is refused.
  - 7. Inform the parent(s) that he or she can sign a Voluntary Release for Adoption of a Surrendered Newborn form for the child that could be used at the parental rights termination hearing (attached).
  - 8. Forms and Pamphlets can be found on the Health & Human Services Safe Delivery Publications website at: <https://www.michigan.gov/mdhhs/safety-injury-prev/safe-delivery/safe-delivery-publications>
- G. The Sheriff's Office member investigating a surrendered newborn incident shall submit a regional LEIN broadcast to area law enforcement agencies. Area law enforcement agencies shall be asked for investigative leads to determine if the surrendered newborn matches the description of a missing child reported within their jurisdiction. The LEIN broadcast shall include a complete description of the surrendered newborn, including age, weight, height, sex, hair color and eye color, distinguishing marks and a clothing description. The member shall document the dissemination of the LEIN broadcast in the incident report.



**ISSUED BY:** Sheriff Michael J. Bouchard

**PROBATE CODE OF 1939 (EXCERPT)**  
**Act 288 of 1939**

CHAPTER XII  
SAFE DELIVERY OF NEWBORNS

**712.1 Short title of chapter; definitions.**

Sec. 1. (1) This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the "safe delivery of newborns law".

(2) As used in this chapter:

- (a) "Child placing agency" means that term as defined in section 1 of 1973 PA 116, MCL 722.111.
- (b) "Court" means the family division of circuit court.
- (c) "Department" means the department of human services.
- (d) "DNA identification profile" and "DNA identification profiling" mean those terms as defined in section 1 of the paternity act, 1956 PA 205, MCL 722.711.
- (e) "Domestic violence" means that term as defined in section 1 of 1978 PA 389, MCL 400.1501.
- (f) "Emergency service provider" means a uniformed or otherwise identified employee or contractor of a fire department, hospital, or police station when that individual is inside the premises and on duty. Emergency service provider also includes a paramedic or an emergency medical technician when either of those individuals is responding to a 9-1-1 emergency call.
- (g) "Fire department" means an organized fire department as that term is defined in section 1 of the fire prevention code, 1941 PA 207, MCL 29.1.
- (h) "Gross negligence" means conduct so reckless as to demonstrate a substantial lack of concern for whether an injury results.
- (i) "Hospital" means a hospital that is licensed under article 17 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.20101 to 333.22260.
- (j) "Lawyer-guardian ad litem" means an attorney appointed under section 2 of this chapter. A lawyer-guardian ad litem represents the newborn, and has the powers and duties, as set forth in section 17d of chapter XIIA.
- (k) "Newborn" means a child who a physician reasonably believes to be not more than 72 hours old.
- (l) "Police station" means that term as defined in section 43 of the Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.43.
- (m) "Preplacement assessment" means an assessment of a prospective adoptive parent as described in section 23f of chapter X.
- (n) "Surrender" means to leave a newborn with an emergency service provider without expressing an intent to return for the newborn.

**History:** Add. 2000 Act 232, Eff. Jan. 1, 2001;—Am. 2006, Act 488, Eff. Jan. 1, 2007.

**Compiler's note:** Enacting section 1 of Act 232 of 2000 provides:

"Enacting section 1. Section 19b of chapter XIIA of the probate code of 1939, 1939 PA 288, MCL 712A.19b, as amended by this amendatory act, and chapter XII of the probate code of 1939, 1939 PA 288, as added by this amendatory act, do not apply to a proceeding that arises before the effective date of this amendatory act."

The heading to Chapter XII added by 2000 PA 232 ("SAFE DELIVERY OF NEWBORNS") was incorrectly referenced in 2000 PA 235 as "SURRENDERED NEWBORNS." The chapter heading evidently should read "SAFE DELIVERY OF NEWBORNS."

**Popular name:** Baby Abandonment

**Popular name:** Baby Drop Off

**712.2 Newborn surrendered to emergency service provider; court jurisdiction; effect of other provisions of law; immunity from civil action.**

Sec. 2. (1) The court has jurisdiction over a newborn who is surrendered to an emergency service provider as provided in section 3 of this chapter. The court may appoint a lawyer-guardian ad litem to represent a newborn in proceedings under this chapter.

(2) Except as provided in section 5 of this chapter, the reporting requirement of section 3 of the child protection law, 1975 PA 238, MCL 722.623, does not apply regarding a child surrendered to an emergency service provider as provided in section 3 of this chapter.

(3) Unless this chapter specifically provides otherwise, a provision in another chapter of this act does not apply to a proceeding under this chapter. Unless this chapter specifically provides otherwise, the child custody act of 1970, 1970 PA 91, MCL 722.21 to 722.30, does not apply to a proceeding under this chapter.

(4) A hospital and a child placing agency, and their agents and employees, are immune in a civil action for damages for an act or omission in accepting or transferring a newborn under this chapter, except for an act or omission constituting gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct. To the extent not protected by the immunity conferred by 1964 PA 170, MCL

691.1401 to 691.1415, an employee or contractor of a fire department or police station has the same immunity that this subsection provides to a hospital's or child placing agency's agent or employee.

**History:** Add. 2000 Act 232, Eff. Jan. 1, 2001.

**Compiler's note:** Enacting section 1 of Act 232 of 2000 provides:

"Enacting section 1. Section 19b of chapter XIIA of the probate code of 1939, 1939 PA 288, MCL 712A.19b, as amended by this amendatory act, and chapter XII of the probate code of 1939, 1939 PA 288, as added by this amendatory act, do not apply to a proceeding that arises before the effective date of this amendatory act."

**Popular name:** Baby Abandonment

**Popular name:** Baby Drop Off

### **712.2a Confidentiality.**

Sec. 2a. (1) A hearing under this chapter is closed to the public. A record of a proceeding under this chapter is confidential, except that the record is available to any individual who is a party to that proceeding.

(2) All child placing agency records created under this chapter are confidential except as otherwise provided in the provisions of this chapter.

(3) An individual who discloses information made confidential under subsection (1) or (2) without a court order or specific authorization under federal or state law is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more than 93 days or a fine of not more than \$100.00, or both. An individual who discloses information made confidential under subsection (1) or (2) without a court order or specific authorization under federal or state law is civilly liable for damages proximately caused by disclosure of that information.

**History:** Add. 2006, Act 488, Eff. Jan. 1, 2007.

**Popular name:** Baby Abandonment

**Popular name:** Baby Drop Off

### **712.3 Conduct of emergency service provider.**

Sec. 3. (1) If a parent surrenders a child who may be a newborn to an emergency service provider, the emergency service provider shall comply with the requirements of this section under the assumption that the child is a newborn. The emergency service provider shall, without a court order, immediately accept the newborn, taking the newborn into temporary protective custody. The emergency service provider shall make a reasonable effort to do all of the following:

(a) Take action necessary to protect the physical health and safety of the newborn.

(b) Inform the parent that by surrendering the newborn, the parent is releasing the newborn to a child placing agency to be placed for adoption.

(c) Inform the parent that the parent has 28 days to petition the court to regain custody of the newborn.

(d) Provide the parent with written material approved by or produced by the department that includes, but is not limited to, all of the following statements:

(i) By surrendering the newborn, the parent is releasing the newborn to a child placing agency to be placed for adoption.

(ii) The parent has 28 days after surrendering the newborn to petition the court to regain custody of the newborn.

(iii) After the 28-day period to petition for custody elapses, there will be a hearing to determine and terminate parental rights.

(iv) There will be public notice of this hearing, and the notice will not contain the parent's name.

(v) The parent will not receive personal notice of this hearing.

(vi) Information the parent provides to an emergency service provider will not be made public.

(vii) A parent can contact the safe delivery line established under section 20 of this chapter for more information.

(2) After providing a parent with the information described in subsection (1), an emergency service provider shall make a reasonable attempt to do all of the following:

(a) Encourage the parent to provide any relevant family or medical information.

(b) Provide the parent with the pamphlet produced under section 20 of this chapter and inform the parent that he or she can receive counseling or medical attention.

(c) Inform the parent that information that he or she provides will not be made public.

(d) Ask the parent to identify himself or herself.

(e) Inform the parent that in order to place the newborn for adoption the state is required to make a reasonable attempt to identify the other parent, and then ask the parent to identify the other parent.

(f) Inform the parent that the child placing agency that takes temporary protective custody of the newborn can provide confidential services to the parent.

(g) Inform the parent that the parent may sign a release for the newborn that may be used at the parental rights termination hearing under this chapter.

(3) A newborn whose birth is described in the born alive infant protection act, 2002 PA 687, MCL 333.1071 to 333.1073,

and who is in a hospital setting or transferred to a hospital under section 3(1) of the born alive infant protection act, 2002 PA 687, MCL 333.1073, is a newborn surrendered as provided in this chapter. An emergency service provider who has received a newborn under the born alive infant protection act, 2002 PA 687, MCL 333.1071 to 333.1073, shall do all of the following:

- (a) Comply with the requirements of subsections (1) and (2) to obtain information from or supply information to the surrendering parent by requesting the information from or supplying the information to the attending physician who delivered the newborn.
- (b) Make no attempt to directly contact the parent or parents of the newborn.
- (c) Provide humane comfort care if the newborn is determined to have no chance of survival due to gestational immaturity in light of available neonatal medical treatment or other condition incompatible with life.

**History:** Add. 2000 Act 232, Eff. Jan. 1, 2001;—Am. 2002, Act 688, Eff. Mar. 31, 2003;—Am. 2006, Act 488, Eff. Jan. 1, 2007.

**Compiler's note:** Enacting section 1 of Act 232 of 2000 provides:

“Enacting section 1. Section 19b of chapter XIIA of the probate code of 1939, 1939 PA 288, MCL 712A.19b, as amended by this amendatory act, and chapter XII of the probate code of 1939, 1939 PA 288, as added by this amendatory act, do not apply to a proceeding that arises before the effective date of this amendatory act.”

**Popular name:** Baby Abandonment

**Popular name:** Baby Drop Off

### **712.5 Transfer of newborn to hospital; physician report of abuse, neglect, or child not a newborn; notice to child placing agency.**

Sec. 5. (1) An emergency service provider that is not a hospital and that takes a newborn into temporary protective custody under section 3 of this chapter shall transfer the newborn to a hospital. The hospital shall accept a newborn who an emergency service provider transfers to the hospital in compliance with this chapter, taking the newborn into temporary protective custody.

(2) A hospital that takes a newborn into temporary protective custody under this chapter shall have the newborn examined by a physician. If a physician who examines the newborn either determines that there is reason to suspect the newborn has experienced child abuse or child neglect, other than being surrendered to an emergency service provider under section 3 of this chapter, or comes to a reasonable belief that the child is not a newborn, the physician shall immediately report to the department as required by section 3 of the child protection law, 1975 PA 238, MCL 722.623.

(3) If a physician is not required to report to the department as provided in subsection (2), the hospital shall notify a child placing agency that the hospital has taken a newborn into temporary protective custody under this chapter.

**History:** Add. 2000 Act 232, Eff. Jan. 1, 2001.

**Compiler's note:** Enacting section 1 of Act 232 of 2000 provides:

“Enacting section 1. Section 19b of chapter XIIA of the probate code of 1939, 1939 PA 288, MCL 712A.19b, as amended by this amendatory act, and chapter XII of the probate code of 1939, 1939 PA 288, as added by this amendatory act, do not apply to a proceeding that arises before the effective date of this amendatory act.”

**Popular name:** Baby Abandonment

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### **712.7 Duties of child placing agency.**

Sec. 7. Upon receipt of notice from a hospital under section 5 of this chapter, the child placing agency shall do all of the following:

- (a) Immediately assume the care, control, and temporary protective custody of the newborn.
- (b) If a parent is known and willing, immediately meet with the parent.
- (c) Unless otherwise provided in this subdivision, make a temporary placement of the newborn with a prospective adoptive parent who has an approved preplacement assessment. If a petition for custody is filed under section 10 of this chapter, the child placing agency may make a temporary placement of the newborn with a licensed foster parent.
- (d) Unless the birth was witnessed by the emergency service provider, immediately request assistance from law enforcement officials to investigate and determine, through the missing children information clearinghouse, the national center for missing and exploited children, and any other national and state resources, whether the newborn is a missing child.
- (e) Not later than 48 hours after a transfer of physical custody to a prospective adoptive parent, petition the court in the county in which the prospective adoptive parent resides to provide authority to place the newborn and provide care for the newborn. The petition shall include all of the following:
  - (i) The date of the transfer of physical custody.
  - (ii) The name and address of the emergency service provider to whom the newborn was surrendered.
  - (iii) Any information, either written or verbal, that was provided by and to the parent who surrendered the newborn.The emergency service provider that originally accepted the newborn as required by section 3 of this chapter shall provide this information to the child placing agency.

- (f) Within 28 days, make reasonable efforts to identify, locate, and provide notice of the surrender of the newborn to the nonsurrendering parent. The child placing agency shall file a written report with the court that issued the order placing the child. The report shall state the efforts the child placing agency made in attempting to identify and locate the nonsurrendering parent and the results of those efforts. If the identity and address of the nonsurrendering parent are unknown, the child placing agency shall provide notice of the surrender of the newborn by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the county where the newborn was surrendered.

**History:** Add. 2000 Act 232, Eff. Jan. 1, 2001;—Am. 2006, Act 488, Eff. Jan. 1, 2007.

**Compiler's note:** Enacting section 1 of Act 232 of 2000 provides:

“Enacting section 1. Section 19b of chapter XIIA of the probate code of 1939, 1939 PA 288, MCL 712A.19b, as amended by this amendatory act, and chapter XII of the probate code of 1939, 1939 PA 288, as added by this amendatory act, do not apply to a proceeding that arises before the effective date of this amendatory act.”

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### **712.10 Custody action by surrendering or nonsurrendering parent; filing; hearing; determination of paternity or maternity.**

Sec. 10. (1) If a surrendering parent wants custody of a newborn who was surrendered under section 3 of this chapter, the parent shall, within 28 days after the newborn was surrendered, file a petition with the court for custody. Not later than 28 days after notice of surrender of a newborn has been published, an individual claiming to be the nonsurrendering parent of that newborn may file a petition with the court for custody. The surrendering parent or nonsurrendering parent shall file the petition for custody in 1 of the following counties:

- (a) If the parent has located the newborn, the county where the newborn is located.
- (b) If subdivision (a) does not apply and the parent knows the location of the emergency service provider to whom the newborn was surrendered, the county where the emergency service provider is located.
- (c) If neither subdivision (a) nor (b) applies, the county where the parent is located.

(2) If the court in which the petition for custody is filed did not issue the order placing the newborn, the court in which the petition for custody is filed shall locate and contact the court that issued the order and shall transfer the proceedings to that court.

(3) Before holding a custody hearing on a petition filed under this section and not later than 7 days after a petition for custody under this section has been filed, the court shall conduct a hearing to make the determinations of paternity or maternity as described in section 11.

**History:** Add. 2000 Act 232, Eff. Jan. 1, 2001;—Am. 2006, Act 488, Eff. Jan. 1, 2007.

**Compiler's note:** Enacting section 1 of Act 232 of 2000 provides:

“Enacting section 1. Section 19b of chapter XIIA of the probate code of 1939, 1939 PA 288, MCL 712A.19b, as amended by this amendatory act, and chapter XII of the probate code of 1939, 1939 PA 288, as added by this amendatory act, do not apply to a proceeding that arises before the effective date of this amendatory act.”

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### **712.11 Blood or tissue typing or DNA identification profiling; presumption; costs; dismissal of custody petition.**

Sec. 11. (1) In a petition for custody filed under this chapter, the court shall order the child and each party claiming paternity to submit to blood or tissue typing determinations or DNA identification profiling, as described in section 16 of the paternity act, 1958 PA 205, MCL 722.716.

(2) Unless the birth was witnessed by the emergency service provider and sufficient documentation exists to support maternity, in a petition for custody filed under this chapter, the court shall order the child and each party claiming maternity to submit to blood or tissue typing determinations or DNA identification profiling, as described in section 16 of the paternity act, 1958 PA 205, MCL 722.716.

(3) If the probability of paternity or maternity determined by the blood or tissue typing or DNA identification profiling is 99% or higher and the DNA identification profile and summary report are admissible, paternity or maternity is presumed and the petitioner may move for summary disposition on the issue of paternity or maternity.

(4) The court may order the petitioner to pay all or part of the cost of the paternity or maternity testing.

(5) If the result of the paternity or maternity testing is admissible and establishes that the petitioner could not be the parent of the newborn, the court shall dismiss the petition for custody.

**History:** Add. 2000, Act 232, Eff. Jan. 1, 2001;—Am. 2006, Act 488, Eff. Jan. 1, 2007.

**Compiler's note:** Enacting section 1 of Act 232 of 2000 provides:

“Enacting section 1. Section 19b of chapter XIIA of the probate code of 1939, 1939 PA 288, MCL 712A.19b, as amended by this amendatory act, and chapter XII of the probate code of 1939, 1939 PA 288, as added by this amendatory act, do not apply to a proceeding that arises before the effective date of this amendatory act.”

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### **712.12, 712.13 Repealed. 2006, Act 488, Eff. Jan. 1, 2007.**

**Compiler's note:** The repealed sections pertained to blood or tissue typing or DNA identification profile and disclosure of information.

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### **712.14 Determination of custody; basis; newborn's best interest; factors.**

Sec. 14. (1) In a custody action under this chapter, the court shall determine custody of the newborn based on the newborn's best interest. The court shall consider, evaluate, and make findings on each factor of the newborn's best interest with the goal of achieving permanence for the newborn at the earliest possible date.

(2) A newborn's best interest in a custody action under this chapter is all of the following factors regarding a parent claiming parenthood of the newborn:

- (a) The love, affection, and other emotional ties existing between the newborn and the parent.
- (b) The parent's capacity to give the newborn love, affection, and guidance.
- (c) The parent's capacity and disposition to provide the newborn with food, clothing, medical care, or other remedial care recognized and permitted under the laws of this state in place of medical care, and other material needs.
- (d) The permanence, as a family unit, of the existing or proposed custodial home.
- (e) The parent's moral fitness.
- (f) The parent's mental and physical health.
- (g) Whether the parent has a history of domestic violence.
- (h) If the parent is not the parent who surrendered the newborn, the opportunity the parent had to provide appropriate care and custody of the newborn before the newborn's birth or surrender.
- (i) Any other factor considered by the court to be relevant to the determination of the newborn's best interest.

**History:** Add. 2000 Act 232, Eff. Jan. 1, 2001.

**Compiler's note:** Enacting section 1 of Act 232 of 2000 provides:

"Enacting section 1. Section 19b of chapter XIIA of the probate code of 1939, 1939 PA 288, MCL 712A.19b, as amended by this amendatory act, and chapter XII of the probate code of 1939, 1939 PA 288, as added by this amendatory act, do not apply to a proceeding that arises before the effective date of this amendatory act."

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### **712.15 Court order.**

Sec. 15. Based on the court's finding under section 14 of this chapter, the court may issue an order that does 1 of the following:

- (a) Grants legal or physical custody, or both, of the newborn to the parent and either retains or relinquishes jurisdiction.
- (b) Determines that the best interests of the newborn are not served by granting custody to the petitioner parent and orders the child placing agency to petition the court for jurisdiction under section 2(b) of chapter XIIA.
- (c) Dismisses the petition.

**History:** Add. 2000 Act 232, Eff. Jan. 1, 2001;—Am. 2006, Act 488, Eff. Jan. 1, 2007;—Am. 2010, Act 349, Imd. Eff. Dec. 22, 2010

**Compiler's note:** Enacting section 1 of Act 232 of 2000 provides:

"Enacting section 1. Section 19b of chapter XIIA of the probate code of 1939, 1939 PA 288, MCL 712A.19b, as amended by this amendatory act, and chapter XII of the probate code of 1939, 1939 PA 288, as added by this amendatory act, do not apply to a proceeding that arises before the effective date of this amendatory act."

**Popular name:** Baby Abandonment

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### **712.17 Release or termination of parental rights to newborn.**

Sec. 17. (1) A parent who surrenders a newborn under section 3 of this chapter and who does not file a custody action under section 10 of this chapter is presumed to have knowingly released his or her parental rights to the newborn.

(2) If the surrendering parent has not filed a petition for custody of the newborn within 28 days of the surrender, the child placing agency with authority to place the newborn shall immediately file a petition with the court to determine whether the release shall be accepted and whether the court shall enter an order terminating the rights of the surrendering parent.

(3) If the nonsurrendering parent has not filed a petition for custody of the newborn within 28 days of notice of surrender of a newborn under section 10 of this chapter, the child placing agency with authority to place the newborn shall immediately file a petition with the court to determine whether the court shall enter an order terminating the rights of the nonsurrendering parent.

(4) The court shall schedule a hearing on the petition from the child placing agency within 14 days of receipt of that petition. At the hearing, the child placing agency shall present evidence that demonstrates that the surrendering parent

released the newborn and that demonstrates the efforts made by the child placing agency to identify, locate, and provide notice to the nonsurrendering parent.

(5) If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the surrendering parent has knowingly released his or her rights to the child and that reasonable efforts were made to locate the nonsurrendering parent and a custody action has not been filed, the court shall enter an order terminating parental rights of the surrendering parent and the nonsurrendering parent under this chapter.

**History:** Add. 2000 Act 232, Eff. Jan. 1, 2001;—Am. 2006, Act 488, Eff. Jan. 1, 2007;—Am. 2010, Act 348, Imd. Eff. Dec. 22, 2010.

**Compiler's note:** Enacting section 1 of Act 232 of 2000 provides:

“Enacting section 1. Section 19b of chapter XIIA of the probate code of 1939, 1939 PA 288, MCL 712A.19b, as amended by this amendatory act, and chapter XII of the probate code of 1939, 1939 PA 288, as added by this amendatory act, do not apply to a proceeding that arises before the effective date of this amendatory act.”

**Popular name:** Baby Abandonment

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### **712.20 Safe delivery program; establishment.**

Sec. 20. The department of community health in conjunction with the department shall establish a safe delivery program. The safe delivery program shall include, but is not limited to, both of the following:

- (a) A toll-free, 24-hour telephone line. The information provided with this telephone line shall include, but is not limited to, all of the following:
  - (i) Information on prenatal care and the delivery of a newborn.
  - (ii) Names of health agencies that can assist in obtaining services and supports that provide for the pregnancy-related health of the mother and the health of the baby.
  - (iii) Information on adoption options and the name and telephone number of a child placing agency that can assist a parent or expecting parent in obtaining adoption services.
  - (iv) Information that, in order to safely provide for the health of the mother and her newborn, the best place for the delivery of a child is in a hospital, hospital-based birthing center, or birthing center that is accredited by the commission for the accreditation of birth centers.
  - (v) An explanation that, to the extent of the law, prenatal care and delivery services are routinely confidential within the health care system, if requested by the mother.
  - (vi) Information that a hospital will take into protective custody a newborn that is surrendered as provided for in this chapter and, if needed, provide emergency medical assistance to the mother, the newborn, or both.
  - (vii) Information regarding legal and procedural requirements related to the voluntary surrender of a child as provided for in this chapter.
  - (viii) Information regarding the legal consequences for endangering a child, including child protective service investigations and potential criminal penalties.
  - (ix) Information that surrendering a newborn for adoption as provided in this chapter is an affirmative defense to charges of abandonment as provided in section 135 of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.135.
  - (x) Information about resources for counseling and assistance with crisis management.
- (b) A pamphlet that provides information to the public concerning the safe delivery program. The department of community health and the department shall jointly publish and distribute the pamphlet. The pamphlet shall prominently display the toll-free telephone number prescribed by subdivision (a).

**History:** Add. 2000, Act 235, Eff. Jan. 1, 2001;—Am. 2003, Act 245, Imd. Eff. Dec. 29, 2003.

**Popular name:** Baby Abandonment

**Popular name:** Baby Drop Off

## CONFIDENTIAL VOLUNTARY MEDICAL BACKGROUND FOR A SURRENDERED NEWBORN

Michigan Department of Health and Human Services

Where was the child born? [REDACTED]	Sex [REDACTED]
Date of Birth [REDACTED]	Race [REDACTED]
American Indian <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	

### SURRENDERING PARENT BACKGROUND (optional)

Name [REDACTED]	Marital Status <input type="checkbox"/> Single <input type="checkbox"/> Married <input type="checkbox"/> Divorced	Date of Birth [REDACTED]
Address [REDACTED]		Phone Number [REDACTED]
Race [REDACTED]	American Indian Tribe Member or Eligible <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	Identify Tribe [REDACTED]
Height [REDACTED]	Weight [REDACTED]	Hair Color [REDACTED]
Eye Color [REDACTED]		
Any Family History of:		
Sickle Cell Disease	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
Cancer	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	If yes, type: [REDACTED]
Heart Disease	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
Genetic Disease	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	If yes, type: [REDACTED]
Diabetes	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
Family History of Mental Illness	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	If yes, explain: [REDACTED]
HIV	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
Drug Usage	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	If yes, explain: [REDACTED]
Hepatitis	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
Alcohol Usage	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	If yes, explain: [REDACTED]
Other: [REDACTED]		
Surgical History [REDACTED]		

### OTHER PARENT BACKGROUND (optional)

Name [REDACTED]	Marital Status <input type="checkbox"/> Single <input type="checkbox"/> Married <input type="checkbox"/> Divorced	Date of Birth [REDACTED]
Address [REDACTED]		Phone Number [REDACTED]
Race [REDACTED]	American Indian Tribe Member or Eligible <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	Identify Tribe [REDACTED]
Height [REDACTED]	Weight [REDACTED]	Hair Color [REDACTED]
Eye Color [REDACTED]		
Any Family History of:		
Sickle Cell Disease	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
Cancer	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	If yes, type: [REDACTED]
Heart Disease	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
Genetic Disease	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	If yes, type: [REDACTED]
Diabetes	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
Family History of Mental Illness	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	If yes, explain: [REDACTED]

HIV	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	
Drug Usage	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	If yes, explain: <input type="text"/>
Hepatitis	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	
Alcohol Usage	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	If yes, explain: <input type="text"/>
Other:	<input type="text"/>		
Surgical History			
<input type="text"/>			

**INFORMATION ABOUT THE PREGNANCY**

Length of Pregnancy	Weight Gain	Drug or Alcohol Use During Pregnancy	
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> Lbs.	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No If yes, explain: <input type="text"/>

**EMERGENCY SERVICE PROVIDER OBSERVATIONS**

Comments			
<input type="text"/>			
ESP Signature	Date	Phone Number	
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Address	City	State	Zip Code
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

The Michigan Department of Health and Human Services (MDHHS) does not discriminate against any individual or group because of race, religion, age, national origin, color, height, weight, marital status, genetic information, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, political beliefs or disability.

## GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

### PURPOSE OF FORM

The Emergency Service Provider (ESP) is encouraged to obtain the child's family medical history, if the surrendering parent is willing to provide that information.

The ESP should assist the surrendering parent by reading and recording information provided by the surrendering parent about the maternal and paternal family medical history.

### INFORMATION ABOUT THE CHILD

- Identify the city and state where the child was born. Describe the place of birth: house, motel, etc.
- The Indian Child Welfare Act applies to a child who "is either (a) a member of an Indian tribe or (b) is eligible for membership in an Indian tribe and is the biological child of a member of an Indian tribe." 25 USC 1903.

### PARENT INFORMATION

- The name, date of birth, phone number and address of the surrendering or non-surrendering parent is **not** required.
- The parent should be encouraged to identify as much medical information as is known and provide details where requested.
- The parent profile information of race, height, weight, hair color and eye color is information that the child may want at a future date and should be obtained if the parent is willing to disclose.

### INFORMATION ABOUT THE PREGNANCY

- Encourage the surrendering parent to provide this minimal information about the pregnancy.

### EMERGENCY SERVICE PROVIDER OBSERVATIONS

- Record information observed or discussed with the surrendering parent.
- Sign and date.
- Provide address and phone number.

### FORM DISTRIBUTION

- Original is given to the child-placing agency for adoption planning.
- The ESP should copy and retain per agency protocols.

**VOLUNTARY RELEASE FOR ADOPTION OF A  
SURRENDERED NEWBORN BY PARENT**  
Michigan Department of Health and Human Services

In the matter of \_\_\_\_\_, a newborn child.

1. I, \_\_\_\_\_, DOB \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_ am the  mother  father of the above child, who was born on \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_ at \_\_\_\_\_ (place).
2. I affirm that I have parental rights to this child and that by signing this release, I voluntarily release all of my parental rights to my child. (Subject to number three below.)
3. I understand that I have 28 days after surrendering my newborn child to petition the court to reclaim custody of my child.
4. I understand that I will not receive notice of any hearings.
5. Understanding the above provisions, I release my child to a child placing agency for the purpose of adoption.
6. I acknowledge receipt of the following:  Fact Sheet (DHS-Pub-867)

Date \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_ Parent Signature \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

City \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_ Zip \_\_\_\_\_

Witnessed by \_\_\_\_\_  
Name (type or print)

on \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_, at \_\_\_\_\_  
Date Agency and Address

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature

IF A NOTARY IS AVAILABLE: Notary Public

Subscribed and sworn to before me on \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_  
Date County and State

My commission expires: \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_ Signature: \_\_\_\_\_  
Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
Name (type or print)

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